PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Title: Steins/KoBold

Project Type: MINING, Minimal Impact

Latitude/Longitude (DMS): 32.190354 / -109.024934

County(s): HIDALGO

Project Description: Steins/Kobold is planning to conduct exploratory drilling within the Analysis Area. This project will include drilling at 9 drill-hole locations, the construction and maintenance of access roads and project-associated facilities, and following the completion of the project, reclamation of the land. Anticipated start dates for the project are August 2026. Preliminary surveys have been completed to evaluate biological and cultural resources in the area, and to plan for their avoidance. Site preparation will include construction of nine drill pads, each measuring approximately 100 feet by 100 feet (approximately 0.23 acres per pad, totaling 2.07 acres). Pads will be constructed using a D6 bulldozer or equivalent equipment and sized to accommodate the drill rig, support vehicles, water storage, core storage facilities, and ancillary equipment. Each pad will include adequate working space for safe equipment operation and material handling, including sumps for drill cuttings management, a driller's shed, portable toilet facilities, and designated areas for pipe storage, water trucks, and support equipment. Access to drill locations will require construction of approximately 1.02 miles of new access roads and work on approximately 1.52 miles of existing access roads, consisting of approximately 0.78 miles of widening, 0.47 miles of 2-foot widening, and 0.28 miles of regrade. New roads will be constructed to a 13-foot width (11-foot blade width plus 1-foot spoil on either side) to accommodate drill rigs and support vehicles. Existing roads will be widened or regraded as needed to achieve a consistent 13-foot running surface. Access routes traverse a combination of BLM-administered surface, Hooper private lands, and approximately 0.25 mile of New Mexico State Trust lands administered by the NMLO. All work on private lands will be conducted pursuant to the executed surface access and exploration agreement with the Hooper family. All roads will be designed to follow natural contours to minimize cut and fill requirements and reduce erosion potential. Water for drilling operations will be supplied through commercial water hauling from permitted sources, with an estimated daily usage of 500 to 1,000 gallons depending on drilling method and geological conditions encountered. Water will be transported in a 2,000-gallon capacity water truck and stored temporarily on drill pads. Support facilities at each drill location will include portable sanitation facilities serviced weekly by a licensed contractor, temporary core storage areas for geological logging and sampling, and equipment staging areas. All facilities will be removed upon completion of drilling at each location. Following exploratory drilling operations, all disturbed areas will be returned to a condition suitable for the land's pre-disturbance use in accordance with the performance standards specified in 43 CFR 3809.420 and requirements established by the BLM Las Cruces District Office. Reclamation will incorporate concurrent reclamation during operations and final reclamation following completion of drilling. Drill pads will be regraded to blend with

surrounding topography and eliminate sharp angles or unnatural landforms. Roads will be reclaimed by pulling berms, installing water bars on slopes greater than 5 percent at 50- to 100-ft intervals, and restoring natural drainage patterns. Compacted surfaces will be scarified to a minimum depth of 6 inches on drill pads and 8 inches on roads to restore soil permeability and provide suitable seedbed conditions for revegetation. Sumps will be filled with excavated materials and compacted in 12-inch lifts. Topsoil will be salvaged from drill pad and road locations prior to construction and stockpiled separately from subsoil and rock materials. Stockpiles will be clearly marked and protected from erosion throughout operations. Salvaged topsoil will be respread across all disturbed areas during final reclamation to restore nutrient-rich growing medium and seed bank for native plant establishment. All reclaimed areas will be seeded with native plant species appropriate for Chihuahuan Desert plant communities native to Hidalgo County, New Mexico. Seed mixes will be selected in consultation with BLM Las Cruces District Office personnel to ensure species composition is consistent with the surrounding vegetation community and meets BLM reclamation standards. Seeding will be performed using hydroseeding or broadcast seeding with crimped straw mulch applied immediately following seeding operations to improve moisture retention and seed-to-soil contact. Noxious weed monitoring and control will be implemented throughout operations and the post-reclamation monitoring period using methods approved by BLM and the New Mexico Department of Agriculture. All equipment, materials, supplies, and facilities associated with exploration operations will be removed from the Project Area within 30 days of completing operations at each location. Core boxes and geological samples will be transported to secure storage facilities. Any concrete pads or equipment footings will be removed and resulting excavations properly backfilled and restored to grade. No materials will be buried on site unless specifically approved by the BLM.

REQUESTOR INFORMATION

Project Organization:
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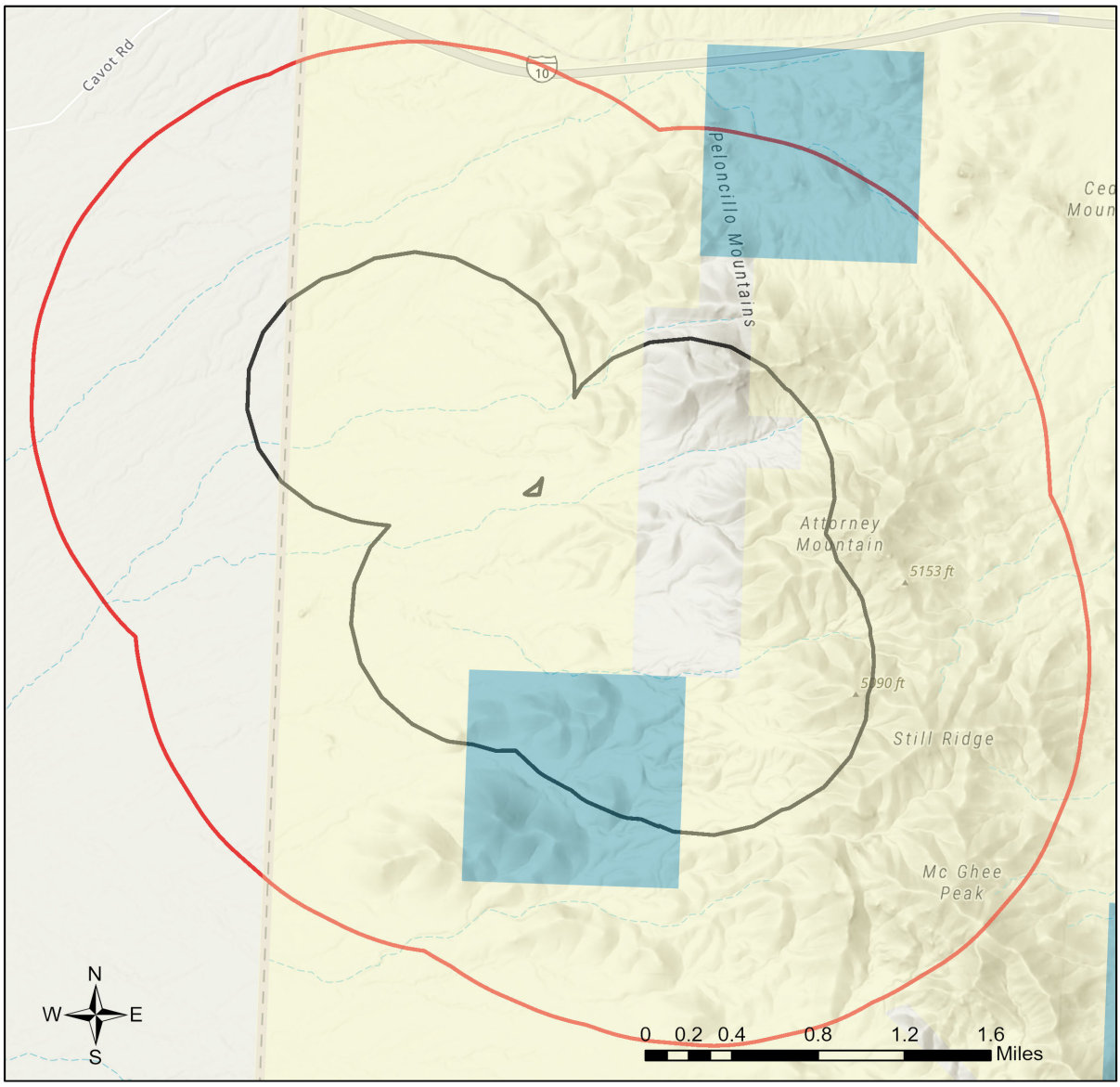
OVERALL STATUS

The information contained within this report comprises the recommendations of the New Mexico Department of Wildlife (Department) for management and mitigation of proposed project impacts to wildlife and habitat resources; see the Project Recommendations section below for further details. No further consultation with the Department is required based on the project's location and, with implementation of mitigation measures described in the Project Recommendations section below, no adverse effects to wildlife or important habitats are anticipated. However, a Department biologist may be in touch within 30 days if they determine that further review is required.

About this report:

- This environmental review is based on the project description and location that was entered. The report must be updated if the project type, area, or operational components are modified.
- This is a preliminary environmental screening assessment and report. It is not a substitute for the potential wildlife knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. Federal status and plant data are provided as a courtesy to users. The review is also not intended to replace consultation required under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), including impact analyses for federal resources from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) using their Information for Planning and Consultation tool.
- This report contains information on wildlife species protected under the ESA and the Wildlife Conservation Act (WCA), Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) (page 18, table 5), and Species of Economic and Recreational Importance (SERI). Species listed under the ESA are protected from take at the federal level and under the WCA are protected from take at the state level. SGCN are identified in the State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP) for New Mexico; all of these species are considered to be of conservation concern but not all of them are protected from take at the state or federal level. The harvest of all SERI is regulated at the state level. The Department has no authority to designate critical habitat for species listed under the WCA; only the USFWS can designate critical habitat for species listed under the ESA.
- The New Mexico Environmental Review Tool (ERT) utilizes species observation locations and species habitat suitability models, both of which are subject to ongoing change and refinement. Inclusion or omission of a species within a report cannot guarantee species presence or absence within your project area. To determine occurrence of any species listed in this report, or other wildlife that may be present within your project area, onsite surveys conducted by a qualified biologist during appropriate, species-specific survey timelines may be necessary.
- The Department encourages use of the ERT to modify proposed projects for avoidance, minimization, or mitigation of wildlife impacts. However, the ERT is not intended to be used in a repeatedly iterative fashion to adjust project attributes until a previously determined recommendation is generated. The ERT serves to assess impacts once project details are developed. The New Mexico Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool, the data layers from which are included in the ERT, is the appropriate system for advising early-stage project planning and design to avoid areas of anticipated wildlife concerns and associated regulatory requirements.

Steins/KoBold



- Buffered Project Boundary
- Project_Boundary
- Bureau of Land Management
- City Land
- County Land
- Department of Defense
- Department of Energy
- National Park Service
- NM Department of Game & Fish
- NM State Forestry Division
- NM State Parks
- Other Federal Agency
- Other Federal Agency
- State Land Office
- State of New Mexico
- Tribal Land
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- U.S. Bureau of Reclamation
- U.S. Department of Agriculture
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Forest Service
- U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service

NHNM, USGS, USFS, US Census Bureau, NMDGF
Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS
CONANP, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, Bureau of Land Management, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS

Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI	USFS	USFS SCC	BLM
Colorado River Toad	Incilius alvarius		T	SGCN			
Plains Leopard Frog	Lithobates blairi			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Chiricahua Leopard Frog	Lithobates chiricahuensis	LT		SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Aplomado Falcon	Falco femoralis		E	SGCN			
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus		T	SGCN			BLM WATCH
Flammulated Owl	Psiloscops flammeolus			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Whiskered Screech-Owl	Megascops trichopsis		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Elf Owl	Micrathene whitneyi			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Western Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia hypugaea			SGCN	Sensitive Species	USFS R3 SCC	BLM SENSITIVE
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor			SGCN			
Black Swift	Cypseloides niger			SGCN		USFS R3 SCC	
Violet-Crowned Hummingbird	Amazilia violiceps		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Lucifer Hummingbird	Calothorax lucifer		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Costa's Hummingbird	Calypte costae		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Elegant Trogon	Trogon elegans		E	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet	Camptostoma imberbe		E	SGCN	Sensitive Species		BLM WATCH
Thick-Billed Kingbird	Tyrannus crassirostris		E	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Pinyon Jay	Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus			SGCN		USFS R3 SCC	BLM SENSITIVE
Pygmy Nuthatch	Sitta pygmaea			SGCN			
Western Bluebird	Sialia mexicana			SGCN			
Mountain Bluebird	Sialia currucoides			SGCN			

Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI	USFS	USFS SCC	BLM
Bendire's Thrasher	Toxostoma bendirei			SGCN		USFS R3 SCC	BLM SENSITIVE
Sprague's Pipit	Anthus spragueii			SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius ludovicianus			SGCN		USFS R3 SCC	BLM WATCH
Bell's Vireo	Vireo bellii		T	SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Virginia's Warbler	Leiothlypis virginiae			SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Lucy's Warbler	Leiothlypis luciae			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Black-Throated Gray Warbler	Setophaga nigrescens			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Black-Chinned Sparrow	Spizella atrogularis			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			SGCN			
Baird's Sparrow	Ammodramus bairdii		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		BLM SENSITIVE
Thick-billed Longspur	Rhynchophanes mccownii			SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Chestnut-Collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus			SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Cassin's Finch	Haemorhous cassinii			SGCN			BLM WATCH
Evening Grosbeak	Coccothraustes vespertinus			SGCN			
Mexican Long-Tongued Bat	Choeronycteris mexicana			SGCN	Sensitive Species		BLM SENSITIVE
Mexican Long-Nosed Bat	Leptonycteris nivalis	LE	E	SGCN			
Lesser Long-Nosed Bat	Leptonycteris yerbabuenae	DL	T	SGCN 2025		USFS R3 SCC	BLM SENSITIVE
Western Yellow Bat	Lasiurus xanthinus		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		BLM SENSITIVE
Spotted Bat	Euderma maculatum		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species	USFS R3 SCC	BLM SENSITIVE
White-Sided Jackrabbit	Lepus callotis gaillardi		T	SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE

Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI	USFS	USFS SCC	BLM
Mountain Lion	Puma concolor			SERI			
Mule Deer	Odocoileus hemionus			SERI			
Pronghorn	Antilocapra americana			SERI			
Desert Bighorn Sheep	Ovis canadensis mexicana			SERI			
Sonoran Mud Turtle	Kinosternon sonoriense			SGCN			
Gila Monster	Heloderma suspectum		E	SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Gray-checkered Whiptail	Aspidoscelis tesselatus		E	SGCN			BLM SENSITIVE
Green Rat Snake	Senticolis triaspis		T	SGCN	Sensitive Species		
Rock Rattlesnake	Crotalus lepidus			SGCN			
Desert Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus edwardsii			SGCN			

Common Name hyperlink takes you to species account in bison-m.org; Scientific Name hyperlink takes you to information in NatureServe Explorer; ESA = Endangered Species Act, C = Candidate, LE = Listed Endangered, LT = Listed Threatened, XN = Non-essential Experimental Population, for other ESA codes see this website; WCA = Wildlife Conservation Act, E = Endangered, T = Threatened; SERI = Species of Economic and Recreational Importance; SGCN = Species of Greatest Conservation Need; USFS = U.S. Forest Service, Sensitive Species = A species likely to occur on USFS lands that is of concern for a potential reduction in population viability; SCC = Species of Conservation Concern; BLM = Bureau of Land Management, BLM SENSITIVE = A species that occurs on BLM lands and whose viability is at risk, BLM WATCH = Species that may be added to the sensitive species list in future pending new information regarding species status.

Special Status Plant Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMAC	NMRPCS	USFS	USFS SCC	BLM
Standley's Whitlow-Grass	Draba standleyi						
Night-Blooming Cereus	Peniocereus greggii var. greggii		E	SS			BLM SENSITIVE

NMAC = New Mexico Administrative Code, E = Endangered; NMRPCS = New Mexico Rare Plant Conservation Strategy, SS = NM Rare Plant Conservation Strategy Species; USFS = U.S. Forest Service, Sensitive Species = A species likely to occur on USFS lands that is of concern for a potential reduction in population viability; SCC = Species of Conservation Concern; BLM = Bureau of Land Management, BLM SENSITIVE = A species that occurs on BLM lands and whose viability is at risk, BLM WATCH = Species that may be added to the sensitive species list in future pending new information regarding species status.

Project Recommendations

Burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*) may occur within your project area. Burrowing owls are protected from take by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and under New Mexico state statute. Before any ground disturbing activities occur, the Department recommends that a preliminary burrowing owl survey be conducted by a qualified biologist using the Department's Burrowing Owl Survey Protocol. Should burrowing owls be documented in the project area, please contact the Department or USFWS for further recommendations regarding relocation or avoidance of impacts.

Your project area intersects an Important Plant Area (IPA) that contains one or more species of plants listed as threatened or endangered by the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) under New Mexico Statutes Annotated (NMSA) 75-6-1 or by the USFWS under the federal ESA. Although IPAs have no legal designation, they have been identified as areas that support either a high diversity of sensitive plant species or contain the last remaining locations of New Mexico's most endangered plants. The Department recommends that you consult with EMNRD's Endangered Plant Program Coordinator regarding any state-listed plants and the USFWS's Information for Planning and Consultation (IPAC) system for any federally-listed plants and reaching out to the appropriate federal species lead(s) with the New Mexico Ecological Services Office of USFWS. The Department does not have any authority to designate or advise on state- or federally-listed plants.

The current project area appears to contain one or more wetland types as classified by the New Mexico Environment Department's Wetland Map. Information on wetlands in your project area can also be viewed on the ERT's Create Project/Map page. This key can assist in interpreting Landscape Position, landform, water flow path, and waterbody type (LLWW) codes in the ERT's wetland data. Wetlands provide important habitat for numerous species of wildlife and pollinators and provide ecosystem services, such as water filtration and storage, to downstream users. The Department recommends avoiding disturbance of wetlands whenever possible, avoiding actions or infrastructure installment that may disrupt natural wetland hydrological processes, and reseeding or replanting areas where disturbance cannot be avoided with native wetland plant species appropriate to the local wetland type. For a list of native seed providers, please see the Department's habitat handbook guideline for Restoration and Management of Native and Non-native Trees in Southwestern Riparian Ecosystems. For projects involving filling wetlands under federal jurisdiction, please contact the Army Corps of Engineers for more information on permits required under the Clean Water Act.

Disclaimers regarding recommendations:

- The Department provides technical guidance to support the persistence of all protected species of native fish and wildlife, including game and nongame wildlife species. Species listed within this report include those that have been documented to occur within the project area, and others that may not have been documented but are projected to occur within the project vicinity.
- Recommendations are provided by the Department under the authority of § 17-1-5.1 New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978, to provide "communication and consultation with federal and other state agencies, local governments and communities, private organizations and affected interests responsible for habitat, wilderness, recreation, water quality and environmental protection to ensure comprehensive conservation services for hunters, anglers and nonconsumptive wildlife users".
- The Department has no authority for management of plants or Important Plant Areas. The New Mexico Endangered Plant Program, under the Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department's Forestry Division, identifies and develops conservation measures necessary to ensure the survival of plant species within New Mexico. Plant status information is provided within this report as a courtesy to users. Recommendations provided within the ERT may not be sufficient to preclude impacts to rare or sensitive plants, unless conservation measures are identified in coordination with the Endangered Plant Program.
- Additional coordination and/or consultation may also be necessary under the federal ESA or National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Further site-specific mitigation recommendations may be proposed during ESA consultation and/or NEPA analyses or through coordination with affected federal agencies.
- Unless a project is marked as confidential in the title or description by the project proponent and if a ERT-generated report is the only response that the project proponent receives from the Department, then the report will be made publicly accessible via the Public Comment Letters page on the ERT website.