

#### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

Project Title:	Arco Torcido		
Project Type:	COMMUNICATIONS, TOWERS (CELLULAR AND OTHER), CELL TOWERS LESS		
	THAN 200 FT, NO GUY WIRES, AND WITHIN DEVELOPED AREA		
Latitude/Longitude (DMS):	36.545878 / -105.671278		
County(s):	TAOS		
Project Description:	The proposed undertaking is located near 157 Old Highway 3, Arroyo Hondo, Taos		
	County, New Mexico 87513 and consists of a 95-foot-tall monopole telecommunication		
	tower and associated equipment contained within a 67-foot by 84-foot lease area at the		
	above property. The undertaking includes a 25-foot wide by 246.9-foot-long access/utility		
	easement that extends northwest connecting with Old Highway 3. Also included is a		
	10-foot wide by 275.2-foot-long access/utility easement that extends south connecting		
	with existing utility. In total the proposed undertaking is approximately 14,552.50 square		
	feet. The proposed tower site is approximately 7,052 feet above mean sea level (AMSL).		

# **REQUESTOR INFORMATION**

Project Organization:			
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## **OVERALL STATUS**

The information contained within this report comprises the recommendations of the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (Department) for management and mitigation of proposed project impacts to wildlife and habitat resources; see the Project Recommendations section below for further details. No further consultation with the Department is required based on the project's location and, with implementation of mitigation measures described in the Project Recommendations section below, no adverse effects to wildlife or important habitats are anticipated. However, a Department biologist may be in touch within 30 days if they determine that further review is required.

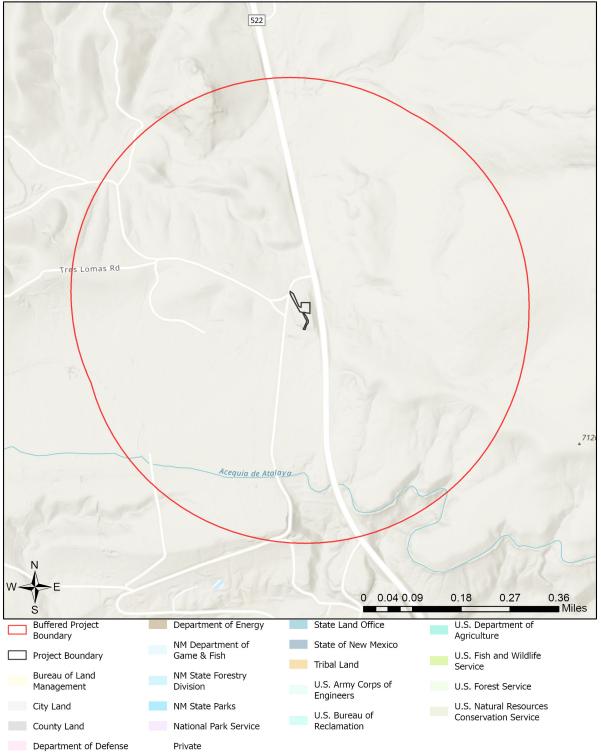


# About this report:

- This environmental review is based on the project description and location that was entered. The report must be updated if the project type, area, or operational components are modified.
- This is a preliminary environmental screening assessment and report. It is not a substitute for the potential wildlife knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. Federal status and plant data are provided as a courtesy to users. The review is also not intended to replace consultation required under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), including impact analyses for federal resources from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) using their Information for Planning and Consultation tool.
- The New Mexico Environmental Review Tool (ERT) utilizes species observation locations and species habitat suitability models, both of which are subject to ongoing change and refinement. Inclusion or omission of a species within a report cannot guarantee species presence or absence within your project area. To determine occurrence of any species listed in this report, or other wildlife that may be present within your project area, onsite surveys conducted by a qualified biologist during appropriate, species-specific survey timelines may be necessary.
- The Department encourages use of the ERT to modify proposed projects for avoidance, minimization, or mitigation of wildlife impacts. However, the ERT is not intended to be used in a repeatedly iterative fashion to adjust project attributes until a previously determined recommendation is generated. The ERT serves to assess impacts once project details are developed. The <u>New Mexico Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool</u> is the appropriate system for advising early-stage project planning and design to avoid areas of anticipated wildlife concerns and associated regulatory requirements.



Arco Torcido



USGS, New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (NMDGF), Natural Heritage New Mexico (NHNM), and USDA Forest Service,

Compiled by Richard Norwood of NHNM over the period 2020 to 2021. Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community



Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 650 Meters of Project Area						
Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI		
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus		Т	SGCN		
Mountain Plover	Charadrius montanus			SGCN		
Flammulated Owl	Otus flammeolus			SGCN		
Western Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia hypugaea			SGCN		
Mexican Spotted Owl	Strix occidentalis lucida	LT		SGCN		
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor			SGCN		
Black Swift	Cypseloides niger			SGCN		
Lewis's Woodpecker	Melanerpes lewis			SGCN		
Red-Headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus			SGCN		
Williamson's Sapsucker	Sphyrapicus thyroideus			SGCN		
Olive-Sided Flycatcher	Contopus cooperi			SGCN		
Bank Swallow	<u>Riparia riparia</u>			SGCN		
Pinyon Jay	<u>Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus</u>			SGCN		
Clark's Nutcracker	Nucifraga columbiana			SGCN		
Juniper Titmouse	<u>Baeolophus ridgwayi</u>			SGCN		
Pygmy Nuthatch	<u>Sitta pygmaea</u>			SGCN		
Western Bluebird	<u>Sialia mexicana</u>			SGCN		
Mountain Bluebird	Sialia currucoides			SGCN		
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus			SGCN		
<u>Gray Vireo</u>	Vireo vicinior		Т	SGCN		
Virginia's Warbler	Leiothlypis virginiae			SGCN		
Black-Throated Gray Warbler	Setophaga nigrescens			SGCN		
Grace's Warbler	Setophaga graciae			SGCN		
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			SGCN		
Chestnut-Collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus			SGCN		
Cassin's Finch	Haemorhous cassinii			SGCN		
Evening Grosbeak	Coccothraustes vespertinus			SGCN		
Spotted Bat	Euderma maculatum		Т	SGCN		
Pale Townsend's Big-Eared Bat	Corynorhinus townsendii pallescens			SGCN		
American Pika	Ochotona princeps			SGCN		
Gunnison's Prairie Dog	<u>Cynomys gunnisoni</u>			SGCN		
New Mexican Meadow Jumping Mouse	Zapus hudsonius luteus	LE	E	SGCN		
Black Bear	Ursus americanus			SERI		
Mountain Lion	Puma concolor			SERI		
Elk	Cervus canadensis			SERI		
Mule Deer	Odocoileus hemionus			SERI		
Bighorn Sheep	Ovis canadensis			SERI		

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ESA = Endangered Species Act, WCA = Wildlife Conservation Act, SGCN = Species of Greatest Conservation Need, SERI = Species of Economic and Recreational Importance, C = Candidate, E = Endangered, LE = Listed Endangered, LT = Listed Threatened, T =



Threatened, XN = Non-essential Experimental Population, for other ESA codes see this website: https://nhnm.unm.edu/node/1378928.

### **Project Recommendations**

With implementation of the applicable mitigation or avoidance measures included in the project description, and incorporation of the guidance listed below, the Department does not anticipate significant impacts to wildlife or sensitive wildlife habitats from the proposed project activities. See the "OVERALL STATUS" section above to determine the likelihood that your project will be reviewed further based on its location. If a Department biologist determines that additional conservation measures are needed, then you should expect to receive notification and/or any additional project recommendations within 30 days of your project submission.

Burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*) may occur within your project area. Before any ground disturbing activities occur, the Department recommends that a preliminary burrowing owl survey be conducted by a qualified biologist using the Department's <u>burrowing owl survey protocol</u>. Should burrowing owls be documented in the project area, please contact the Department or USFWS for further recommendations regarding relocation or avoidance of impacts.

Your project area intersects an Important Plant Area (IPA) that contains one or more species of plants listed as threatened or endangered by the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) under New Mexico Statutes Annotated (NMSA) 75-6-1 or by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) under the federal Endangered Species Act. Although IPAs have no legal designation, they have been identified as areas that support either a high diversity of sensitive plant species or contain the last remaining locations of New Mexico's most endangered plants. The Department recommends that you consult with EMNRD's Endangered Plant Program Coordinator regarding any state-listed plants and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Information for Planning and Consultation (IPAC) system for any federally-listed plants and reaching out to the appropriate federal species lead(s) with the New Mexico Ecological Services Office of U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The Department does not have any authority to designate or advise on state- or federally-listed plants.

Prairie dog colonies may occur within the vicinity of your project area. Both black-tailed prairie dogs (*Cynomys ludovicianus*) and Gunnison's prairie dogs (*Cynomys gunnisoni*) are designated as New Mexico Species of Greatest Conservation Need, and their colonies provide important habitat for other grassland wildlife. Wherever possible, occupied prairie dog colonies should be left undisturbed, and all project activities should be directed off the colony. Any burrows that are located on the project site should be surveyed by a qualified biologist to determine whether burrows are active or inactive and whether burrowing owls may be utilizing the site. Colonies within the range of the black-tailed prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, year-round using binoculars. Colonies within the range of the Gunnison's prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, using binoculars during the warmer months from April through October and by searching for fairly fresh scat and lack of cobwebs or debris at the mouths of burrows during the cold months (November through March). If ground-disturbing activities cannot be relocated off the prairie dog colony, or if project activities involve control of prairie dogs, the Department recommends live-trapping and relocation of prairie dogs. The Department can provide recommendations regarding suitability of potential translocation areas and procedures.

The proposed project occurs within or near a riparian area. Because riparian areas are important wildlife habitats, the project footprint should avoid removing any riparian vegetation or creating ground disturbance either directly within or affecting the riparian area, unless the project is intended to restore riparian habitat through non-native plant removal and replanting with native species. If your project involves removal of non-native riparian trees or planting of native riparian vegetation, please refer to the Department's habitat handbook guideline for <u>Restoration and Management of Native and Non-native Trees in Southwestern Riparian Ecosystems</u>.



Your project is on or near a section of road that has experienced comparatively high incidence of wildlife-vehicle collisions. Coordinate with the New Mexico Department of Transportation to consider implementing mitigation actions that are appropriate to your project area and planned action to reduce wildlife-vehicle collisions. These may include but are not limited to: installation of wildlife-proof fencing; installation of wildlife passages such as arch culverts or overpasses; and installation of animal detection systems.

Your project could affect important components of wildlife habitat, including fawning/calving or wintering areas for species such as deer and elk, or general high wildlife movement and activity areas for large mammals. Mitigation measures should focus on high use sites and movement areas based on collar data and expert knowledge of Department of Game and Fish and land management agency personnel. Management recommendations within these areas may include the following.

- Restrictions on noise-generating activities during wintering and calving/fawning seasons, specific timing of which may vary throughout the state. These activities would include oil and gas well pad development and operations that expose wildlife to loud noises from drilling, compressors, and pumping stations within 400 feet of the source.
- Modifying fences along high use areas to make them wildlife friendly and facilitate large animal movement.

### Disclaimers regarding recommendations:

- The Department provides technical guidance to support the persistence of all protected species of native fish and wildlife, including game and nongame wildlife species. Species listed within this report include those that have been documented to occur within the project area, and others that may not have been documented but are projected to occur within the project vicinity.
- Recommendations are provided by the Department under the authority of § 17-1-5.1 New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978, to provide "communication and consultation with federal and other state agencies, local governments and communities, private organizations and affected interests responsible for habitat, wilderness, recreation, water quality and environmental protection to ensure comprehensive conservation services for hunters, anglers and nonconsumptive wildlife users".
- The Department has no authority for management of plants or Important Plant Areas. The <u>New Mexico</u> <u>Endangered Plant Program</u>, under the Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department's Forestry Division, identifies and develops conservation measures necessary to ensure the survival of plant species within New Mexico. Plant status information is provided within this report as a courtesy to users. Recommendations provided within the ERT may not be sufficient to preclude impacts to rare or sensitive plants, unless conservation measures are identified in coordination with the Endangered Plant Program.
- Additional coordination and/or consultation may also be necessary under the federal ESA or National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Further site-specific mitigation recommendations may be proposed during ESA consultation and/or NEPA analyses or through coordination with affected federal agencies.