



### PROJECT INFORMATION

**Project Title:** Ground mounted solar project for agriculture producer

Project Type: ENDANGERED SPECIES Latitude/Longitude (DMS): 34.353834 / -103.126936

County(s): CURRY

**Project Description:** Ground mounted solar system to be installed on previously disturbed land due to

agriculture operations of a dairy. Solar will be installed between July 2023 to September

2023.

# REQUESTOR INFORMATION

**Project Organization:** 

Contact Name: Carlos Contreras

Email Address: Carlos.contreras@usda.gov
Organization: USDA Rural Development

Address: One Sun Avenue, 100 Sun Avenue NE, Suite 130, Albuquerque NM 87109

**Phone:** 505-761-4958

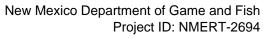
#### **OVERALL STATUS**

This report contains an initial list of recommendations regarding potential impacts to wildlife or wildlife habitats from the proposed project; see the Project Recommendations section below for further details. Your project proposal is being forwarded to a New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (Department) biologist for review to determine whether there are any additional recommendations regarding the proposed actions. A Department biologist will be in touch within 30 days if there are further recommendations regarding this project proposal.

# About this report:

- This environmental review is based on the project description and location that was entered. The report must be updated if the project type, area, or operational components are modified.
- This is a preliminary environmental screening assessment and report. It is not a substitute for the potential wildlife knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. Federal status and plant data are provided as a courtesy to users. The review is also not intended to replace consultation required under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), including impact analyses for federal resources from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) using their Information for Planning and Consultation tool.
- The New Mexico Environmental Review Tool (ERT) utilizes species observation locations and species habitat suitability models, both of which are subject to ongoing change and refinement. Inclusion or omission of a species within a report cannot guarantee species presence or absence within your project area. To determine occurrence of any species listed in this report, or other wildlife that may be present within your project area, onsite surveys conducted by a qualified biologist during appropriate, species-specific survey timelines may be necessary.
- The Department encourages use of the ERT to modify proposed projects for avoidance, minimization, or
  mitigation of wildlife impacts. However, the ERT is not intended to be used in a repeatedly iterative fashion to
  adjust project attributes until a previously determined recommendation is generated. The ERT serves to
  assess impacts once project details are developed. The <a href="New Mexico Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool">New Mexico Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool</a> is the
  appropriate system for advising early-stage project planning and design to avoid areas of anticipated wildlife
  concerns and associated regulatory requirements.

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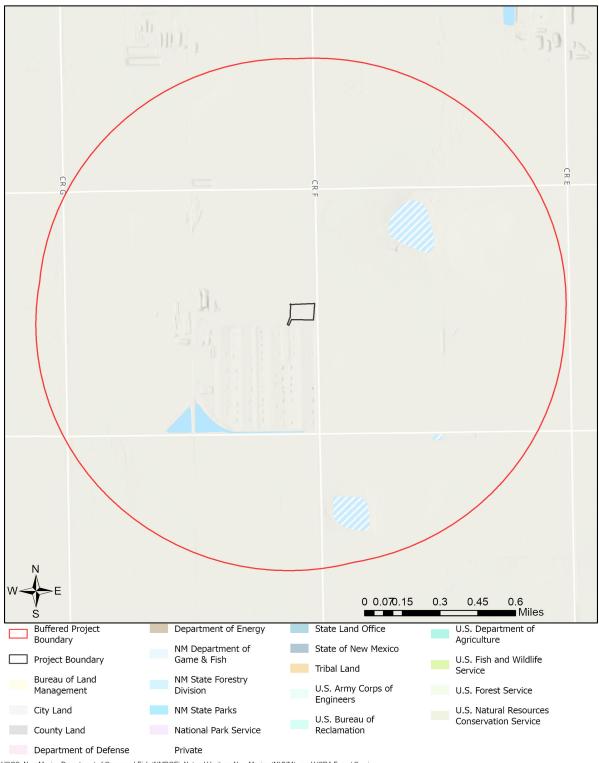


Project Number: Heritage

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# Ground mounted solar project for agriculture producer



USGS, New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (NMDGF), Natural Heritage New Mexico (NHNM), and USDA Forest Service,

Compiled by Richard Norwood of NHNM over the period 2020 to 2021 Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community

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### Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI
Eared Grebe	Podiceps nigricollis			SGCN
Clark's Grebe	Aechmophorus clarkii			SGCN
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus		Т	SGCN
Lesser Prairie-chicken	Tympanuchus pallidicinctus			SGCN
Mountain Plover	Charadrius montanus			SGCN
Long-billed Curlew	Numenius americanus			SGCN
Western Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia hypugaea			SGCN
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor			SGCN
Lewis's Woodpecker	Melanerpes lewis			SGCN
Pygmy Nuthatch	Sitta pygmaea			SGCN
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus			SGCN
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			SGCN
McCown's Longspur	Rhynchophanes mccownii			SGCN
Chestnut-collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus			SGCN
Cassin's Finch	Haemorhous cassinii			SGCN
<u>Least Shrew</u>	Cryptotis parva		Т	SGCN
Black-Tailed Prairie Dog	Cynomys ludovicianus			SGCN
Common Checkered Whiptail	Aspidoscelis tesselata		E	SGCN
Western Ribbon Snake	Thamnophis proximus		Т	SGCN
Desert Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus edwardsii			SGCN

ESA = Endangered Species Act, WCA = Wildlife Conservation Act, SGCN = Species of Greatest Conservation Need, SERI = Species of Economic and Recreational Importance, C = Candidate, E = Endangered, T = Threatened

### **Project Recommendations**

Your proposed project activities may require a custom review for assessment of potential effects to wildlife. See the "OVERALL STATUS" section above to determine the likelihood that your project will be reviewed further based on its location. A Department biologist will confirm whether any additional conservation measures are needed. You should expect to receive any additional project recommendations within 30 days of your project submission. If the "OVERALL STATUS" section indicates that no further consultation with the Department is required based on its location, then you will only receive additional project feedback from the Department if a biologist deems it necessary.

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The Lesser Prairie-chicken (*Tympanuchus pallidicintus*) (LPC) was designated as a Species of Greatest Conservation Need in New Mexico and the southern Distinct Population Segment, including populations in New Mexico and Texas, is federally listed as Endangered as of March 27th, 2023. The LPC Interstate Working Group has developed the Southern Great Plains Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool (<u>SGP-CHAT</u>) to designate and prioritize areas for LPC conservation activities and development. Our preliminary assessment indicates your project occurs in LPC habitat. For more information on the SGP-CHAT, contact Chanda Pettie, Industry LPC Program Contact with the Western Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, at (719) 207-5053 or <a href="chanda.pettie@wafwa.org">chanda.pettie@wafwa.org</a>. If your project has potential to lead to take (including harassment, harm, pursuit, hunting, shooting, wounding, killing, trapping, capturing, collecting, or attempting to engage in these activities) of a LPC, the Department recommends you contact Lauren Rangel, at 505-761-4745 or <a href="lauren rangel@fws.gov">lauren rangel@fws.gov</a>, who is the species lead for the LPC in the Ecological Services Office with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). She is also the contact for the rangewide renewable energy Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) if relevant for your project. The Department recommends a qualified, permitted biologist conduct surveys for the LPC according to these <a href="lesser prairie-chicken survey protocols">lesser prairie-chicken survey protocols</a> (or others recommended by USFWS) and following any training as required by USFWS.

Burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*) may occur within your project area. Before any ground disturbing activities occur, the Department recommends that a preliminary burrowing owl survey be conducted by a qualified biologist using the Department's <u>burrowing owl survey protocol</u>. Should burrowing owls be documented in the project area, please contact the Department or USFWS for further recommendations regarding relocation or avoidance of impacts.

Prairie dog colonies may occur within the vicinity of your project area. Both black-tailed prairie dogs (*Cynomys ludovicianus*) and Gunnison's prairie dogs (*Cynomys gunnisoni*) are designated as New Mexico Species of Greatest Conservation Need, and their colonies provide important habitat for other grassland wildlife. Wherever possible, occupied prairie dog colonies should be left undisturbed, and all project activities should be directed off the colony. Any burrows that are located on the project site should be surveyed by a qualified biologist to determine whether burrows are active or inactive and whether burrowing owls may be utilizing the site. Colonies within the range of the black-tailed prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, year-round using binoculars. Colonies within the range of the Gunnison's prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, using binoculars during the warmer months from April through October and by searching for fairly fresh scat and lack of cobwebs or debris at the mouths of burrows during the cold months (November through March). If ground-disturbing activities cannot be relocated off the prairie dog colony, or if project activities involve control of prairie dogs, the Department recommends live-trapping and relocation of prairie dogs. The Department can provide recommendations regarding suitability of potential translocation areas and procedures.

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### Disclaimers regarding recommendations:

- The Department provides technical guidance to support the persistence of all protected species of native fish and wildlife, including game and nongame wildlife species. Species listed within this report include those that have been documented to occur within the project area, and others that may not have been documented but are projected to occur within the project vicinity.
- Recommendations are provided by the Department under the authority of § 17-1-5.1 New Mexico Statutes
  Annotated 1978, to provide "communication and consultation with federal and other state agencies, local
  governments and communities, private organizations and affected interests responsible for habitat, wilderness,
  recreation, water quality and environmental protection to ensure comprehensive conservation services for
  hunters, anglers and nonconsumptive wildlife users".
- The Department has no authority for management of plants or Important Plant Areas. The New Mexico Endangered Plant Program, under the Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department's Forestry Division, identifies and develops conservation measures necessary to ensure the survival of plant species within New Mexico. Plant status information is provided within this report as a courtesy to users. Recommendations provided within the ERT may not be sufficient to preclude impacts to rare or sensitive plants, unless conservation measures are identified in coordination with the Endangered Plant Program.
- Additional coordination may also be necessary under the federal ESA or National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Further site-specific recommendations may be proposed during ESA and/or NEPA analyses, or through coordination with affected federal agencies.

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