

PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Title:	Hagerman New Lift Sation
Project Type:	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANTS
Latitude/Longitude (DMS):	33.117797 / -104.318578
County(s):	CHAVES
Project Description:	The Town of Hagerman will plan, design, construct wastewater system improvements in
	Hagerman, NM (Latitude - 33.117470; Longitude -104.319486). Improvements consist of:
	pre-construction and post construction video documentation; mobilization and
	demobilization; material testing allowance; traffic control; 48 inch Pedestrian Gate; 16'
	vehicle gate; 239 If furnish and install 8' high chain link fence; install new sanitary sewer
	lift station (inclusive of all material, labor, pumps, odor control unit, vaults, associated
	piping, valves, plumbing connections, control panel, excavation and site restoration.
	Fittings and all related appurtenances; 10 sy 3" thick gravel around lift station. All
	construction to include all material, labor, site restoration and related appurtenances.

REQUESTOR INFORMATION

Project Organization:	CITY GOVERNMENT
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OVERALL STATUS

The information contained within this report comprises the recommendations of the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (Department) for management and mitigation of proposed project impacts to wildlife and habitat resources; see the Project Recommendations section below for further details. No further consultation with the Department is required based on the project's location and, with implementation of mitigation measures described in the Project Recommendations section below, no adverse effects to wildlife or important habitats are anticipated. However, a Department biologist may be in touch within 30 days if they determine that further review is required.

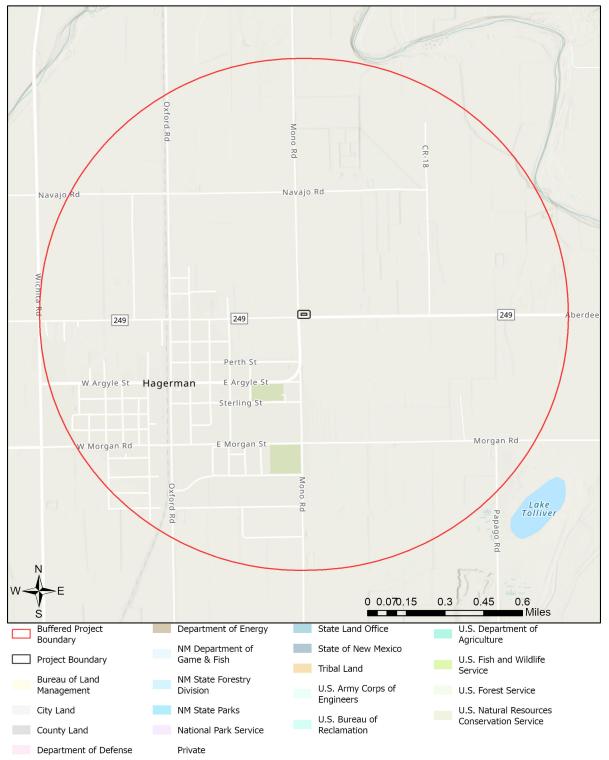


About this report:

- This environmental review is based on the project description and location that was entered. The report must be updated if the project type, area, or operational components are modified.
- This is a preliminary environmental screening assessment and report. It is not a substitute for the potential wildlife knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. Federal status and plant data are provided as a courtesy to users. The review is also not intended to replace consultation required under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), including impact analyses for federal resources from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) using their Information for Planning and Consultation tool.
- The New Mexico Environmental Review Tool (ERT) utilizes species observation locations and species habitat suitability models, both of which are subject to ongoing change and refinement. Inclusion or omission of a species within a report cannot guarantee species presence or absence within your project area. To determine occurrence of any species listed in this report, or other wildlife that may be present within your project area, onsite surveys conducted by a qualified biologist during appropriate, species-specific survey timelines may be necessary.
- The Department encourages use of the ERT to modify proposed projects for avoidance, minimization, or mitigation of wildlife impacts. However, the ERT is not intended to be used in a repeatedly iterative fashion to adjust project attributes until a previously determined recommendation is generated. The ERT serves to assess impacts once project details are developed. The <u>New Mexico Crucial Habitat Assessment Tool</u> is the appropriate system for advising early-stage project planning and design to avoid areas of anticipated wildlife concerns and associated regulatory requirements.







USGS, New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (NMDGF), Natural Heritage New Mexico (NHNM), and USDA Forest Service,

Compiled by Richard Norwood of NHNM over the period 2020 to 2021. Sources: Esri, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen, Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community



Special Status Animal Species Potentially within 1 Miles of Project Area						
Common Name	Scientific Name	USFWS (ESA)	NMDGF (WCA)	NMDGF SGCN/SERI		
Barking Frog	Craugastor augusti			SGCN		
Northern Leopard Frog	Lithobates pipiens			SGCN		
Eared Grebe	Podiceps nigricollis			SGCN		
Clark's Grebe	Aechmophorus clarkii			SGCN		
American Bittern	Botaurus lentiginosus			SGCN		
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus		Т	SGCN		
Aplomado Falcon	Falco femoralis		E	SGCN		
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus		Т	SGCN		
Snowy Plover	Charadrius nivosus			SGCN		
Mountain Plover	Charadrius montanus			SGCN		
Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	LE	E	SGCN		
Western Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia hypugaea			SGCN		
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor			SGCN		
Lewis's Woodpecker	Melanerpes lewis			SGCN		
Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus			SGCN		
Bank Swallow	<u>Riparia riparia</u>			SGCN		
Pinyon Jay	Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus			SGCN		
Pygmy Nuthatch	Sitta pygmaea			SGCN		
Mountain Bluebird	Sialia currucoides			SGCN		
Sprague's Pipit	Anthus spragueii			SGCN		
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus			SGCN		
Bell's Vireo	<u>Vireo bellii</u>		Т	SGCN		
Virginia's Warbler	Oreothlypis virginiae			SGCN		
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			SGCN		
Chestnut-collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus			SGCN		
Least Shrew	<u>Cryptotis parva</u>		Т	SGCN		
Pale Townsend's Big-Eared Bat	Corynorhinus townsendii pallescens			SGCN		
Black-tailed Prairie Dog	Cynomys ludovicianus			SGCN		
Western River Cooter	<u>Pseudemys gorzugi</u>		т	SGCN		
Common Checkered Whiptail	Aspidoscelis tesselata		E	SGCN		
Western Ribbon Snake	Thamnophis proximus		Т	SGCN		
Desert Massasauga	Sistrurus catenatus edwardsii			SGCN		

ESA = Endangered Species Act, WCA = Wildlife Conservation Act, SGCN = Species of Greatest Conservation Need, SERI = Species of Economic and Recreational Importance, C = Candidate, E = Endangered, T = Threatened



Project Recommendations

With implementation of the applicable mitigation or avoidance measures included in the project description, and incorporation of the guidance listed below, the Department does not anticipate significant impacts to wildlife or sensitive wildlife habitats from the proposed project activities. See the "OVERALL STATUS" section above to determine the likelihood that your project will be reviewed further based on its location. If a Department biologist determines that additional conservation measures are needed, then you should expect to receive notification and/or any additional project recommendations within 30 days of your project submission.

Burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*) may occur within your project area. Before any ground disturbing activities occur, the Department recommends that a preliminary burrowing owl survey be conducted by a qualified biologist using the Department's <u>burrowing owl survey protocol</u>. Should burrowing owls be documented in the project area, please contact the Department or USFWS for further recommendations regarding relocation or avoidance of impacts.

Prairie dog colonies may occur within the vicinity of your project area. Both black-tailed prairie dogs (*Cynomys ludovicianus*) and Gunnison's prairie dogs (*Cynomys gunnisoni*) are designated as New Mexico Species of Greatest Conservation Need, and their colonies provide important habitat for other grassland wildlife. Wherever possible, occupied prairie dog colonies should be left undisturbed, and all project activities should be directed off the colony. Any burrows that are located on the project site should be surveyed by a qualified biologist to determine whether burrows are active or inactive and whether burrowing owls may be utilizing the site. Colonies within the range of the black-tailed prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, year-round using binoculars. Colonies within the range of the Gunnison's prairie dog can be surveyed by a qualified biologist diurnally, using binoculars during the warmer months from April through October and by searching for fairly fresh scat and lack of cobwebs or debris at the mouths of burrows during the cold months (November through March). If ground-disturbing activities cannot be relocated off the prairie dog colony, or if project activities involve control of prairie dogs, the Department recommends live-trapping and relocation of prairie dogs. The Department can provide recommendations regarding suitability of potential translocation areas and procedures.

The proposed project occurs within or near a riparian area. Because riparian areas are important wildlife habitats, the project footprint should avoid removing any riparian vegetation or creating ground disturbance either directly within or affecting the riparian area, unless the project is intended to restore riparian habitat through non-native plant removal and replanting with native species. If your project involves removal of non-native riparian trees or planting of native riparian vegetation, please refer to the Department's habitat handbook guideline for <u>Restoration and Management of Native and Non-native Trees in Southwestern Riparian Ecosystems</u>.



Disclaimers regarding recommendations:

- The Department provides technical guidance to support the persistence of all protected species of native fish and wildlife, including game and nongame wildlife species. Species listed within this report include those that have been documented to occur within the project area, and others that may not have been documented but are projected to occur within the project vicinity.
- Recommendations are provided by the Department under the authority of § 17-1-5.1 New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978, to provide "communication and consultation with federal and other state agencies, local governments and communities, private organizations and affected interests responsible for habitat, wilderness, recreation, water quality and environmental protection to ensure comprehensive conservation services for hunters, anglers and nonconsumptive wildlife users".
- The Department has no authority for management of plants or Important Plant Areas. The <u>New Mexico</u> <u>Endangered Plant Program</u>, under the Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department's Forestry Division, identifies and develops conservation measures necessary to ensure the survival of plant species within New Mexico. Plant status information is provided within this report as a courtesy to users. Recommendations provided within the ERT may not be sufficient to preclude impacts to rare or sensitive plants, unless conservation measures are identified in coordination with the Endangered Plant Program.
- Additional coordination may also be necessary under the federal ESA or National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Further site-specific recommendations may be proposed during ESA and/or NEPA analyses, or through coordination with affected federal agencies.